

Legat, Ottawa

9/16/65

Director, FBI

2 - Orig & 1
1 - Yellow
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Flemister

MCT-2963-12514-1

REC-9 EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS

FPC
BUDED 10/8/65

Enclosed are two copies of a letter dated 9/7/65 from the Department of the Army and two copies of a parallel captioned "East Coast Homophile Organizations." The enclosures are self-explanatory.

Legat, Ottawa, should, through his Canadian sources, handle the investigation requested by the Department of the Army in its letter. Furnish results of this investigation to the Bureau in a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination.

A check of Bufiles regarding [redacted] revealed that her husband was the subject of a previous Security of Government Employees investigation during 1964. The basis of this investigation was that the husband had corresponded with the Industrial Workers of the World, which organization has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to the Executive Order 10450.

A check of Bufiles concerning East Coast Homophile Organizations revealed that it consists of branches of the Mattachine Society in Washington, D. C., and New York City; the Jaus Society, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and the Daughters of Bilitis, New York City. These organizations have endeavored to gain acceptance for homosexuals at every level of society. Together, during the Fall of 1964, these organizations issued instructions to members on the manner in which they were to conduct themselves when questioned by investigators of the Federal Government and when they were arrested. These instructions appear as the enclosure captioned "East Coast Homophile Organizations."

Enclosures (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-26-84 BY G-1

HCF:jkm

(6)

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (detached)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

Letter to Legat, Ottawa
RE: EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS
FPC
BUDED 10/8/65

NOTE: Army is currently conducting an investigation to determine identity of persons responsible for printing pamphlet concerning "How to Handle a Federal Interrogation," which pamphlet was recently posted in the Pentagon, Washington, D. C. Pamphlet bears imprimatur of the East Coast Homophile Organization and allegedly was printed by the Gay Publishing Company, 980 Queen Street East, Toronto, Canada. Specifically, Army desires to know identity of persons who contracted for printing of pamphlet; quantity of pamphlets printed, and whether any violation of Canadian law exists in connection with printing or exporting of pamphlets. Army also desires any information on a [redacted] who allegedly is the [redacted] of the Gay Publishing Company.

b6
b7c

1850-Columbia Pike
Arlington Va.



HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
OFFICE OF THE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

PMGS

7 September 1965

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Room 845, Riddell Building
1730 K Street NW
Washington, D. C.

ATTN: Mr. Patrick D. Putnam, Special Agent

Dear Mr. Putnam:

Our office is currently conducting an investigation to determine the identity of the persons responsible for printing a pamphlet entitled "How to Handle a Federal Interrogation," which was posted recently in the Pentagon, Washington, D. C. This pamphlet, a copy of which is enclosed, bears the imprimatur of the East Coast Homophile Organization and purportedly was printed by the Gay Publishing Company, 980 Queen Street East, Toronto 8, Ontario.

Our files contain additional references to the Gay Publishing Company with an address of 122 Wellington Street West, Toronto, Ontario. There is also a possible relation between this firm and the magazines "Gay Male" and "Gay Female," published by John Blunt Publications and Enterprises, Ltd., 230 Adelaide Street West, Toronto, Ontario.

Our files further reflect that on 9 June 1965 in Arlington, Virginia, a [redacted] Arlington, Virginia, was apprehended by civil police for "possession of obscene material." At the time of her apprehension, [redacted] was in possession b7C a business card identifying herself as [redacted] Gay Publishing Company, Ltd."

In furtherance of our investigation, we would appreciate the assistance of the appropriate Canadian agency in determining the identity of the persons who contracted for the printing of the subject pamphlet and the quantity of pamphlets printed. If appropriate, ascertain if any violation of Canadian law has taken place in connection with the printing or exporting of the subject pamphlet.

REC-9

163-12514 = 1

ENCLOSURE

"ENCL. BEHIND FILE"

SEP 17 1965 XEROX

15 SEP 8 1965

Heister
T. J. JASON

b3
b7E

EXP. PROC.
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
ORIGINAL FILED IN
34 SEP 8 1965

Let to Legat, Ottawa, 9/16/65, AF/F, jgm
East Coast Homophile Organization
FPC, Buded 10/8/65 W/LB cc of let from army + 2 cc of pamphlet
East Coast Homophile Organization

PMGS

7 September 1965

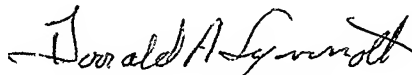
Mr. Patrick D. Putnam, Special Agent

We would also appreciate a resume of information pertaining to the cited publishing companies and magazines and such information as is available concerning

b6

b7C

Very truly yours,



DONALD A. SYNNOTT

Lt Colonel, MPC

Executive Officer

1 Incl

As stated

4. Make no statements. Sign no statements.

5. Plead NOT Guilty, and follow through. While a plea of Guilty may seem much more convenient and desirable at the time, this is a short-sighted view. From the long range viewpoint, a plea of Not Guilty is unlikely to result in more severe treatment, and may well diminish the lasting consequences that go with an arrest.

6. Do not forfeit collateral; elect to stand trial on a plea of Not Guilty. In the District of Columbia, forfeiture of collateral is essentially equivalent to a plea of guilty, with all the undesirable consequences that go with such an arrest.

7. Get a lawyer at the earliest possible moment; be fully truthful with him; follow his advice implicitly.

8. Even as an arrested citizen, you are still a citizen. Behave with dignity, and insist that the Police treat you at ALL times, with the respect and dignity due ALL citizens by all public officials. If any ridicule, gibes, insults, taunts, jeers, or other improper or disrespectful behavior of language is directed against you, object at the time, object later, by letter, to the chief of police, and inform your local mattachine society or other homophile organization.

The organizations listed below will be pleased to offer coaching, advice and encouragement to those good citizens who wish lawfully to impede their government's ill-advised efforts to disqualify homosexuals, reducing them, thereby, to second-class citizenship, to the loss of all concerned except the enemies of our country.

The Mattachine Society of
Washington
P.O. Box 1032,
Washington, D.C. 20013
EMerson 2-2211

The Mattachine Society, Inc.
of New York
1133 Broadway - Room 516,
New York City, N.Y.
WATkins 4-7743

Daughters of Bilitis
New York Chapter
441 West 28th Street,
New York City, N.Y.

Mattachine of
Philadelphia,
P.O. Box 804,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Printed by Gay Publishing Co. 980 Queen St. E.,
Toronto 8, Ontario.

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS

HOW TO HANDLE A FEDERAL INTERROGATION

The discriminatory policies of the U.S. Federal Government in disqualifying the homosexual citizen from Federal employment, from eligibility for a security clearance, and from service in and fully honorable discharge from the Armed Forces, are not only unjustified, but are gravely injurious to the national interest. It is, therefore, the patriotic duty of every American citizen to do everything lawfully within his power to impede and to obstruct the implementation of these policies, and to encourage others to do likewise. Central to that implementation is the conduct of investigations involving the administration of interrogations. To those finding themselves subjected to such interrogations, the following pointers and suggestions are offered.

1. No citizen is required to submit to an interrogation by any Federal official, F.B.I., Civil Service Commission, military investigators, etc. - or even to speak to them. However, in certain instances (for example, where you yourself, rather than an acquaintance are the subject of the investigation) it may be advisable to grant to the Government the privilege of interviewing you.

2. In case of such interrogation, your choice is NOT between telling truth or untruth, but between speaking and not speaking. Never lie, falsify, or misrepresent, on matters relating to homosexuality - yours or anyone else's - just refuse to speak.

3. If you are asked any questions at all on homosexuality, in any aspect, your ONLY answers should be: "These are matters which are of no proper concern to the Government of the United States under any circumstances whatever." and "This is information which the Government does not have the need to know." Stand your ground on these. Do not engage in philosophical or psychological or sociological discourses. Do not make use of the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution; it is not necessary, and may be harmful.

4. Sign no statements; take no lie detector tests; give no names or other information about any other persons.

5. Under no circumstances tolerate unannounced visitations by investigators at your home or your place of employment. Refuse to speak to them; insist upon a proper appointment, at a time and place of YOUR choice and convenience. INSIST upon the right to be accompanied by one or more persons of your choice (without restriction to professional legal counsel) to act not only as counsel, but as witness.

6. The interrogators will try to cajole, to persuade, to bully, to demand, to threaten, to bargain. Do not be taken in. Regardless of what they may say, and how they may act, they are "out to get you". Among a few of their favorite techniques are:

a. "You are not cooperating". Of course you are not! Continue not to.

b. "All of this is not really very important, and nothing will happen to you; we just need a few questions answered and your signature, so we can complete our records and close our files." Don't believe it.

c. "The laws or regulations require you to reply".
This is not true, regardless of what may be quoted to you or
even shown to you in print.

d. The "good guy and bad guy" approach. After
interrogator A has unpleasantly browbeaten you for a while,
interrogator B will intercede, supposedly as your friend, to try
to make things easier for you, and to modify interrogator A's
attitude. Do not be taken in. They are both your enemies.

7. This point is stated with very strong over-emphasis,
because extensive experience has shown that without it, this
advice, as simple as it is, is not properly heeded: On matters
having in any way to do with homosexuality, say NOTHING;
"nothing" means NO thing; and "no" means NONE AT ALL,
with NO exceptions. It does NOT mean "just a little". This
means that you do NOT discuss juvenile homosexual experi-
ences, and you do NOT discuss acts which took place long
ago, and you do NOT discuss so-called passive acts, or any-
thing else. You say NOTHING whatever. Do not attempt to
exercise your judgement as to what may or may not be harmful
to discuss. Close the door firmly and absolutely to discussion
or comment upon ANY and EVERY aspect of homosexuality
and, in fact, of sex generally.

They may not have what they have led you to believe they have,
and they may be only guessing or deducing. Even if there is no
doubt as to their possession of information, you will be better
off if there has been no confirmation or corroboration from you.

9. Insist that you be treated with the full respect and
dignity due ALL American citizens in every status, by ALL
their public servants at ALL levels and at ALL times. If you
are not so treated, walk out and do not return until you have
received, in writing, an apology for past improper treatment,
and assurances of future proper behavior. If you receive no
such apology, object, by letter, to the appropriate Cabinet-
level official, with details of the behavior and language in-
volved, and inform your local Mattachine Society or other homo-
phile organization.

10. Remember that the information involved in investiga-
tions must be kept secret by the Government, but NOT by you.
If anyone - particularly including your employer - is informed
by anyone but you, of the subject or any details of an investi-
gation of you, you can bring criminal charges against the in-
vestigators or other officials who have disclosed the informa-
tion. Do so. On the other hand, you are completely free to dis-
cuss any and all aspects of the matter with all persons at all
times; do not permit yourself to be misled into believing other-
wise. You may seek counsel and advice from anyone.

11. Do not resign and do not allow yourself to be stamp-
eded into a resignation; you must be given a reasonable
amount of time to make a decision. Contest, first adminis-
tratively, and then in the courts, as high as need be, all firings,
less-than-fully-honorable discharges, and security clearance
denials based upon homosexuality. To the fullest extent pos-
sible, challenge not the mere allegations of fact, but the
policies, laws, and regulations involved.

By following the advice above, you will be serving not
only your own best interests and those of your acquaintances
and fellow citizens, but the best interests of your country.

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS IF YOU ARE ARRESTED

An arrest is a serious matter. In an attempt to lessen
the often disastrous consequences of an arrest, the follow-
ing information, suggestions, and pointers are offered.

Whether explicitly stated below or not, this material
refers specifically to the District of Columbia. While most
of it is valid elsewhere, local laws do vary considerably,
and therefore, authority competent to discuss the legal sit-
uation in each locality should be consulted.

A. SOME OF YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE LAW.

1(a) In the District of Columbia, in regard to private
acts on the part of consenting adults, only certain acts of
of sodomy (on the part of both participants), narrowly and
clearly defined in the District Code, are illegal. All other
homosexual acts are permitted.

(b) Any act, public or private, which would be legal
under the circumstances performed, on the part of a man
and woman, is legal on the part of two men or two women.
This includes kissing and dancing. It should be kept in
mind, however, as a matter of practical reality, that Dis-
orderly Conduct is a loose and unfortunately ill-defined
category, which both policemen and judges may well in-
terpret more broadly and harshly for the homosexual than for
the heterosexual.

2. Except under the most clearly suspicious of cir-
cumstances, you do not have to identify yourself to a police-
man in any public street or park, or in any other public
place or business establishment (such as a restaurant) at
any hour of the day or night, or to account for your presence
there. That you chose to be there is full and sufficient rea-
son, whether the hour be 3AM or 3PM.

3. A policeman arresting you must inform you, upon
your request, of the charge under which you are being arrest-
ed. Insist that you be so informed promptly.

4. A policeman may not enter a home or a hotel room
without a warrant. Do not allow him to cross the threshold.

B. IF YOU ARE ARRESTED.

1. You have the right to make a telephone call to any
person of your choice AS SOON AS YOU ENTER THE POL-
ICE STATION. This is a right; it is not merely a privilege
to be granted at the will and convenience of the police.
The Police are traditionally reluctant to allow the exercise
of this right. Insist upon it.

2(a) You are required - if the Police request it - to
allow your fingerprints and photograph to be taken.

(b) You are NOT required to give ANY other informa-
tion. You do not even have to give your name and address,
although it is usually advisable to do so. Say NOTHING
more.

(c) Do NOT discuss ANY of the circumstances of the
arrest or the events preceding it. Do not allow yourself to
be drawn into philosophical discussions of homosexuality,
sociology, etc., and do not discuss your own personal life
and background in any way at all.

3. DO NOT TELL WHERE YOU ARE EMPLOYED.

The Police have the right to ask you questions they
wish; you have the complete right to refuse to reply. They
may intimidantly firm and insistent. Make your refusal
firm and insistent.

Experience has shown that the worst tragedies occur
frequently, not on account of arrests themselves, but thr-
unnecessary disclosure of information including, most im-
portantly, place of employment.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

October 20, 1965

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS

On October 15, 1965, a confidential source abroad furnished the following information concerning the above matter:

On October 6, 1965, a further attempt was made to interview [redacted] Gay Publishing Company, 980 Queen Street, East, Toronto, Canada. Although [redacted] was not available for interview, [redacted] advised that he, [redacted] had been given the information previously requested respecting the individual who contracted for the printing of the pamphlet in question. [redacted] identified this person as [redacted] Washington, D.C. Two thousand pamphlets were printed.

b6
b7C

[redacted] continued that there was no connection between John Blunt Publications and Gay Publishing Company. He also informed that [redacted] an American citizen, wrote several articles for [redacted] but has only been in their Toronto Office on two or three occasions.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-26-84 BY 2-1

231739

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

163-12514-

ENCLOSURE

4. Make no statements. Sign no statements.

5. Plead NOT Guilty, and follow through. While a plea of Guilty may seem much more convenient and desirable at the time, this is a short-sighted view. From the long range viewpoint, a plea of Not Guilty is unlikely to result in more severe treatment, and may well diminish the lasting consequences that go with an arrest.

6. Do not forfeit collateral; elect to stand trial on a plea of Not Guilty. In the District of Columbia, forfeiture of collateral is essentially equivalent to a plea of guilty, with all the undesirable consequences that go with such an arrest.

7. Get a lawyer at the earliest possible moment; be fully truthful with him; follow his advice implicitly.

8. Even as an arrested citizen, you are still a citizen. Behave with dignity, and insist that the Police treat you at ALL times, with the respect and dignity due ALL citizens by all public officials. If any ridicule, gibes, insults, taunts, jeers, or other improper or disrespectful behavior of language is directed against you, object at the time, object later, by letter, to the chief of police, and inform your local mattachine society or other homophile organization.

The organizations listed below will be pleased to offer coaching, advice and encouragement to those good citizens who wish lawfully to impede their government's ill-advised efforts to disqualify homosexuals, reducing them, thereby, to second-class citizenship, to the loss of all concerned except the enemies of our country.

The Mattachine Society of
Washington
P.O. Box 1032,
Washington, D.C. 20013
EMerson 2-2211

The Mattachine Society, Inc.
of New York
1133 Broadway - Room 516,
New York City, N.Y.
WAtkins 4-7743

Daughters of Bilitis
New York Chapter
441 West 28th Street,
New York City, N.Y.

Mattachine of
Philadelphia,
P.O. Box 804,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Printed by Gay Publishing Co.
980 Queen St. E.,
Toronto 8, Ontario.

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS

HOW TO HANDLE A FEDERAL INTERROGATION

The discriminatory policies of the U.S. Federal Government in disqualifying the homosexual citizen from Federal employment, from eligibility for a security clearance, and from service in and fully honorable discharge from the Armed Forces, are not only unjustified, but are gravely injurious to the national interest. It is, therefore, the patriotic duty of every American citizen to do everything lawfully within his power to impede and to obstruct the implementation of these policies, and to encourage others to do likewise. Central to that implementation is the conduct of investigations involving the administration of interrogations. To those finding themselves subjected to such interrogations, the following pointers and suggestions are offered.

1. No citizen is required to submit to an interrogation by any Federal official, F.B.I., Civil Service Commission, military investigators, etc. - or even to speak to them. However, in certain instances (for example, where you yourself, rather than an acquaintance are the subject of the investigation) it may be advisable to grant to the Government the privilege of interviewing you.

2. In case of such interrogation, your choice is NOT between telling truth or untruth, but between speaking and not speaking. Never lie, falsify, or misrepresent, on matters relating to homosexuality - yours or anyone else's - just refuse to speak.

3. If you are asked any questions at all on homosexuality, in any aspect, your ONLY answers should be: "These are matters which are of no proper concern to the Government of the United States under any circumstances whatever." and "This is information which the Government does not have the need to know." Stand your ground on these. Do not engage in philosophical or psychological or sociological discourses. Do not make use of the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution; it is not necessary, and may be harmful.

4. Sign no statements; take no lie detector tests; give no names or other information about any other persons.

5. Under no circumstances tolerate unannounced visitations by investigators at your home or your place of employment. Refuse to speak to them; insist upon a proper appointment, at a time and place of YOUR choice and convenience. INSIST upon the right to be accompanied by one or more persons of your choice (without restriction to professional legal counsel) to act not only as counsel, but as witness.

6. The interrogators will try to cajole, to persuade, to bully, to demand, to threaten, to bargain. Do not be taken in. Regardless of what they may say, and how they may act, they are "out to get you". Among a few of their favorite techniques are:

a. "You are not cooperating". Of course you are not. Continue not to.

b. "All of this is not really very important, and nothing will happen to you; we just need a few questions answered and your signature, so we can complete our records and close our files." Don't believe it.

F B I

Date: 10/8/65

Transmit the following in AIRTEL
(Type in plaintext or code)Via _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: LEGAT, OTTAWA (163-598) (P)

SUBJECT: ~~EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS~~ ---
FPC
BUDED: 10/8/65

Rebulet to Legat, Ottawa, 9/16/65.

Enclosed are the original and seven copies of LHM containing the results of investigation furnished in a letter to this office, dated 10/1/65, from the [] which is the confidential source abroad mentioned in the LHM.

b7D

The information in the enclosure may be disseminated as received.

[] advised further inquiries are being conducted regarding John Blunt Publications and Enterprises and further advice will be forthcoming; also, Robert Maynard, mentioned in LHM, will be interviewed upon his return to Toronto.

b7D

4 - Bureau (Encs.-8) ENCLOSURE
1 - Liaison Direct
1 - Ottawa

MLI:j1
(5)

15 OCT 12 1965

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 1-26-84 BY 321

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

October 8, 1965

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS

On October 1, 1965, a confidential source abroad furnished the following information concerning the above matter:

Inquiries were conducted on September 24, 1965, at the Gay Publishing Company, 930 Queen Street, East, Toronto; however, no one at this address was able to supply any information concerning the publication of the pamphlet entitled "East Coast Homophile Organizations." The [redacted] [redacted] was out of the city at that time and was not expected to return until the beginning of October, 1965.

b6
b7C

The Metropolitan Toronto Police Department Morality Squad has investigated the Gay Publishing Company in the past and their members advise that almost the entire business is the printing of material pertaining to homosexuals and lesbians. It was learned that the magazine "Gay Male" and "Gay Female" as well as "Gay International" and "Gay" are printed at this establishment. They were established slightly more than one year ago, and were described as being "a losing proposition."

The officers of the Gay Publishing Company are:



b6
b7C

231739

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-26-84 BY 21 JSC/af

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-111111

VII

Metropolitan Toronto Police Department has no record of [redacted] and the source mentioned above was unable to obtain any information concerning her. The Toronto Police Department advised that no laws have been violated in Toronto in connection with the printing of the pamphlet in question.

b6
b7c

F B I

Date: 10/20/65

Transmit the following in _____

REGISTERED

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via _____

(Priority)

TO
FROM

DIRECTOR, FBI (163-12514)

LEGAT, OTTAWA (163-598) (RUC)

SUBJECT EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS
FPCREC-65
encl
PI

Remyairtel, 10/8/65.

Enclosed are the original and seven copies of LHM containing the results of investigation furnished in a letter to this office, dated 10/15/65, from the [redacted] which is the confidential source abroad mentioned in the LHM.

b7D

The information in the enclosure may be disseminated as received.

4 - Bureau (Encs-8)
1 - Liaison Direct
1 - Ottawa

MLI:jl
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-26-84 BY 5-1

2 Provost Marshal Gen. 231-739
2 enc by Liaison (col. 14)
10/20/65
Act/MR

REC-65

80100

163-12514-3
OCT 22 1965

LIAISON

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

c. "The laws or regulations require you to reply". This is not true, regardless of what may be quoted to you or even shown to you in print.

d. The "good guy and bad guy" approach. After interrogator A has unpleasantly browbeaten you for a while, interrogator B will intercede, supposedly as your friend, to try to make things easier for you, and to modify interrogator A's attitude. Do not be taken in. They are both your enemies.

7. This point is stated with very strong over-emphasis, because extensive experience has shown that without it, this advice, as simple as it is, is not properly heeded: On matters having in any way to do with homosexuality, say NOTHING; "nothing" means NO thing; and "no" means NONE AT ALL, with NO exceptions. It does NOT mean "just a little". This means that you do NOT discuss juvenile homosexual experiences, and you do NOT discuss acts which took place long ago, and you do NOT discuss so-called passive acts, or anything else. You say NOTHING whatever. Do not attempt to exercise your judgement as to what may or may not be harmful to discuss. Close the door firmly and absolutely to discussion or comment upon ANY and EVERY aspect of homosexuality and, in fact, of sex generally.

They may not have what they have led you to believe they have, and they may be only guessing or deducing. Even if there is no doubt as to their possession of information, you will be better off if there has been no confirmation or corroboration from you.

9. Insist that you be treated with the full respect and dignity due ALL American citizens in every status, by ALL their public servants at ALL levels and at ALL times. If you are not so treated, walk out and do not return until you have received, in writing, an apology for past improper treatment, and assurances of future proper behavior. If you receive no such apology, object, by letter, to the appropriate Cabinet-level official, with details of the behavior and language involved, and inform your local Mattachine Society or other homosexual organization.

10. Remember that the information involved in investigations must be kept secret by the Government, but NOT by you. If anyone - particularly including your employer - is informed by anyone but you, of the subject or any details of an investigation of you, you can bring criminal charges against the investigators or other officials who have disclosed the information. Do so. On the other hand, you are completely free to discuss any and all aspects of the matter with all persons at all times; do not permit yourself to be misled into believing otherwise. You may seek counsel and advice from anyone.

11. Do not resign and do not allow yourself to be stampeded into a resignation; you must be given a reasonable amount of time to make a decision. Contest, first administratively, and then in the courts, as high as need be, all firings, less-than-fully-honorable discharges, and security clearance denials based upon homosexuality. To the fullest extent possible, challenge not the mere allegations of fact, but the policies, laws, and regulations involved.

By following the advice above, you will be serving not only your own best interests and those of your acquaintances and fellow citizens, but the best interests of your country.

EAST COAST HOMOPHILE ORGANIZATIONS IF YOU ARE ARRESTED

An arrest is a serious matter. In an attempt to lessen the often disastrous consequences of an arrest, the following information, suggestions, and pointers are offered.

Whether explicitly stated below or not, this material refers specifically to the District of Columbia. While most of it is valid elsewhere, local laws do vary considerably, and therefore, authority competent to discuss the legal situation in each locality should be consulted.

A. SOME OF YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE LAW.

1(a) In the District of Columbia, in regard to private acts on the part of consenting adults, only certain acts of sodomy (on the part of both participants), narrowly and clearly defined in the District Code, are illegal. All other homosexual acts are permitted.

(b) Any act, public or private, which would be legal under the circumstances performed, on the part of a man and woman, is legal on the part of two men or two women. This includes kissing and dancing. It should be kept in mind, however, as a matter of practical reality, that Disorderly Conduct is a loose and unfortunately ill-defined category, which both policemen and judges may well interpret more broadly and harshly for the homosexual than for the heterosexual.

2. Except under the most clearly suspicious of circumstances, you do not have to identify yourself to a policeman in any public street or park, or in any other public place or business establishment (such as a restaurant) at any hour of the day or night, or to account for your presence there. That you chose to be there is full and sufficient reason, whether the hour be 3AM or 3PM.

3. A policeman arresting you must inform you, upon your request, of the charge under which you are being arrested. Insist that you be so informed promptly.

4. A policeman may not enter a home or a hotel room without a warrant. Do not allow him to cross the threshold.

B. IF YOU ARE ARRESTED.

1. You have the right to make a telephone call to any person of your choice AS SOON AS YOU ENTER THE POLICE STATION. This is a right; it is not merely a privilege to be granted at the will and convenience of the police. The Police are traditionally reluctant to allow the exercise of this right. Insist upon it.

2(a) You are required - if the Police request it - to allow your fingerprints and photograph to be taken.

(b) You are NOT required to give ANY other information. You do not even have to give your name and address, although it is usually advisable to do so. Say NOTHING more.

(c) Do NOT discuss ANY of the circumstances of the arrest or the events preceding it. Do not allow yourself to be drawn into philosophical discussions of homosexuality, sociology, etc., and do not discuss your own personal life and background in any way at all.

3. DO NOT TELL WHERE YOU ARE EMPLOYED.

The Police have the right to ask any questions they wish; you have the complete right to refuse to reply. They may intimidatigly firm and insistent. Make your refusal firm and insistent.

Experience has shown that the worst tragedies occur frequently, not on account of arrests themselves, but through unnecessary disclosure of information including, most importantly, place of employment.